HOUSE . . . . . . No. 1381

By Mr. Kulik of Worthington, petition of Stephen Kulik and others for legislation to establish old growth forest reserves in the Commonwealth. Environment, Natural Resources and Agriculture.

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

## PETITION OF:

Stephen Kulik
Peter V. Kocot
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In the Year Two Thousand and Five.

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF OLD GROWTH FOREST RESERVES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 132 of the General Laws is hereby
- 2 amended by adding the following four sections:—
- 3 Section 52. It is hereby declared to be the policy of the com-
- 4 monwealth to protect old growth forests for the purpose of pro-
- 5 tecting exemplary forest habitats, maintaining biodiversity
- 6 associated with old growth forest systems and establishing eco-
- 7 logical benchmarks for assessing the health of forests statewide.
- 8 Therefore, the commonwealth determines that a system of perma-
- 9 nent old growth forest reserves shall be established on lands
- 10 owned and administered by the commonwealth for the department
- 11 of environmental management and the division of fisheries,
- 12 wildlife and environmental law enforcement.
- 13 Section 53. For the purposes of sections 52 to 55, inclusive, the
- 14 following words shall have the following meanings:
- 15 "Buffer area", an area immediately adjacent to an old growth
- 16 forest that is of sufficient size and configuration, as determined by
- 17 the secretary for each old growth forest, to protect the old growth

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forest from human activity and alteration and the effects of natural disturbances such as wind, storms, fire, insect infestation, invasive 20 species and disease.

21 "Future old growth forest", a forest adjacent to an old growth 22 forest that: (1) exhibits some old growth characteristics; (2) occurs in direct association with and as an integral part of an old growth forest; and (3) has the capacity to protect old growth forest areas 25 because of its forest characteristics and location.

26 "Old growth forest", an area of contiguous forest that: (1) 27 shows no evidence of significant human, post-European disturbance that originated on site; (2) has a significant component of older trees that are greater than 50 percent of the maximum longevity for the particular species; (3) is at least five acres in size; and (4) has either: (i) the capacity for self-perpetuation; or (ii) the characteristics of a forest which are indicative of an old growth forest and which otherwise meets the criteria established by regulations of the secretary. Modification of this definition may be made by regulation to incorporate future scientific advances in the understanding of old growth forests.

"Old growth forest reserve", forest area comprised of old growth forest, buffer area and future old growth forest.

"Recommending party", the commissioner of conservation and 40 recreation or the commissioner of fish and game.

"Secretary", the secretary of environmental affairs.

"State-owned land", forest land owned by the commonwealth 43 under the custody and control of the department of conservation and recreation or the department of fish and game.

"Existing Use", any commercial or recreational project, facility, 46 roadway, industrial or utility corridor, or the repair or future maintenance therein within its existing parameters: (1) existing at the time of enactment, or (2) having received Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act (MEPA) approval and permits from all applicable state and federal agencies at the time of enactment, and which if challenged in a timely judicial proceeding has been upheld by a final court order.

53 Section 54. (a) The secretary shall conduct an inventory of the 54 forests on state-owned land to determine the extent and condition of old growth forest stands in the context of the surrounding land-56 scape in which they occur. The inventory shall identify old growth

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57 forests and buffer areas and shall include an assessment and selection of future old growth forest areas that exhibit characteristics which, if left undisturbed, would meet the definition of an old growth forest.

(b) The secretary may designate a reserve comprised of old 61 62 growth forest or future old growth forest, together with buffer areas, after the forest area has been presented by a recommending party to the secretary in accordance with regulations set by the secretary. In approving, rejecting or modifying a designation, the secretary shall consider: (1) whether the area recommended is consistent with the definition of old growth forest, future old growth forest or buffer area; (2) whether such designation is consistent with the ecological, historical, educational, cultural, water 70 supply, recreational and other public values of the area; and (3) 71 the role of the proposed area within a statewide old growth forest 72 reserve system. If the recommended area meets the definition set forth in section 53 of this chapter and other criteria set by the sec-74 retary pursuant to this section, the secretary shall, after a public hearing, held within 180 days of the presentation to the secretary and conducted in the region in which the recommended area is located pursuant to regulations promulgated by the secretary, designate it as an old growth forest reserve. The reserve shall be defined by a visible boundary. Any ten citizens of the commonwealth other than the recommending parties may present areas for designation to the secretary, subject to criteria to be established by 82 the secretary by regulation.

Section 55. (a) The secretary shall develop, in consultation with the recommending party and, if different, the administering agency, plans for the management and protection of old growth forest reserves consistent with the regulations. The secretary shall authorize the continuation of fishing and hunting in designated old growth forest reserves unless prohibitions thereon had been in 89 effect or unless fishing and hunting is thereafter determined inap-90 propriate by the administering agency. The secretary may autho-91 rize the continuation of existing recreational uses and facilities 92 within the old growth forest reserve if they do not significantly 93 contribute to erosion or other harmful impacts on the forest 94 resources. Upon a determination of the adequacy of a recommen-95 dation, the secretary shall immediately establish a moratorium on

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96 any activity incompatible with the establishment of an old growth 97 forest reserve for the location pending outcome of a final determi-98 nation by the secretary.

- 99 (b) The following uses and activities shall be prohibited within 100 the boundaries of old growth forest reserves: (i) new commercial, industrial, roadway or utility development; (ii) new or expanded 102 recreational facilities and uses involving physical impacts to vege-103 tation or soils; and (iii) active timber management practices. 104 Removal or alteration of vegetation and soils or collecting or har-105 vesting of plants shall be prohibited except as part of a scientific 106 investigation or restoration program approved or conditioned by 107 the secretary. The secretary shall develop regulations pursuant to chapter 30A for the establishment and management of old growth 109 forest reserves. The prohibitions in this paragraph shall not apply 110 to emergency personnel in the event of a medical or public safety emergency in an old growth forest reserve. The secretary may 111 112 approve other exceptions to the prohibitions by issuing a written 113 declaration of emergency in the event of a major accidental, 114 human-induced disturbance, such as when the introduction of 115 exotic invasive plants, disease or insects threatens the integrity of an old growth reserve or in the event of a public health or public safety emergency. Natural forest fires and storm related damage shall not be considered emergencies except in the event of a sig-119 nificant threat to public health or public safety. The secretary shall 120 restrict management of invasive plants, diseases or insects to activities that are essential to the maintenance of the natural characteristics of the old growth forest reserves and shall condition 122 such activities to minimize interference with the development and 124 maintenance of natural old growth forest conditions.
- (c) Any person who violates this section or any rule or regula-126 tion promulgated pursuant to this section shall be punished by a fine of not more that \$25,000 or by imprisonment for not more than two years or both, or shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$25,000 for each violation. Each day such violation occurs shall be considered a separate violation.
- (d) The superior court shall have jurisdiction to enjoin viola-131 132 tions of, or to grant such additional relief as it deems necessary or appropriate to secure compliance with this section upon petition 134 of the secretary or the attorney general.

- (e) All fines and assessments received on account of litigation
- 136 or settlement thereof for a violation of this section or regulations
- 137 promulgated hereunder shall be retained by the department of con-
- 138 servation and recreation or the department of fish and game,
- 139 depending on whose land said violation occurred.
  - 1 SECTION 2. The secretary of environmental affairs shall estab-
  - 2 lish a research and education program to monitor the status of
  - 3 forests within old growth forest reserves and to promote under-
  - 4 standing of old growth forest reserves.
  - 1 SECTION 3. The secretary of environmental affairs shall report
  - 2 to the General Court within one year after the effective date of this
  - 3 act identifying the results of the inventory, the regulations devel-
  - 4 oped, and the progress made in designating old growth forest
  - 5 reserves and the preparation of management plans for old growth
  - 6 forest reserves.